CHAPTER 4

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS

- 1. The method of directly injecting a sperm into ovum in assisted by reproductive technology is called:
 - a. GIFT
 - b. ZIFT
 - c. ICSI
 - d. ET
- 2. Increased IMR and decreased MMR in a population will:
 - a. Cause rapid increase in growth rate
 - b. Result in decline in growth rate
 - c. Not cause significant change in growth rate
 - d. Result in an explosive population/exp
- 3. Intensely lactating mothers do not generally conceive due to the:
 - a. Suppression of gonadotropins
 - b. Hyper secretion of gonadotropins
 - c. Suppression of gametic transport
 - d. Suppression of fertilisation
- 4. Sterilisation techniques are generally fool proof methods of contraception with least side effects. Yet, this is the last option for the couples because:
 - i. It is almost irreversible
 - ii. Of the misconception that it will reduce sexual urge/drive
 - iii. It is a surgical procedure
 - iv. Of lack of sufficient facilities in many parts of the country Choose the correct option:
 - (a) i and iii (b) ii and iii (c) ii and iv (d) i, ii, iii and iv

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5.	A national level approach to build up a reproductively healthy society
	was taken up in our country in:

- 1950s a.
- 1960s b.
- 1980s c.
- d. 1990s
- Emergency contraceptives are effective if used within: 6.
 - a. 72 hrs of coitus
 - b. 72 hrs of ovulation
 - 72 hrs of menstruation c.
 - d. 72 hrs of implantation
- Choose the right one among the statements given below: 7.
 - IUDs are generally inserted by the user herself
 - IUDs increase phagocytosis reaction in the uterus b.
 - IUDs suppress gametogenesis c.
 - d. IUDs once inserted need not be replaced
- Following statements are given regarding MTP. Choose the correct options given below:
 - MTPs are generally advised during first trimester i.
 - MTPs are used as a contraceptive method ii.
 - iii. MTPs are always surgical
 - MTPs require the assistance of qualified medical personnel iv.
 - (a) ii and iii
- (b) ii and iii (c) i and iv
- (d) i and ii
- From the sexually transmitted diseases mentioned below, identify the 9. one which does not specifically affect the sex organs:
 - **Syphilis** a.
 - **AIDS** b.
 - Gonorrhea C.
 - Genital warts d.
- 10. Condoms are one of the most popular contraceptives because of the following reasons:
 - These are effective barriers for insemination a.
 - They do not interfere with coital act b.
 - These help in reducing the risk of STDs
 - d. All of the above

- 11. Choose the correct statement regarding the ZIFT procedure:
 - a. Ova collected from a female donour are transferred to the fallopian tube to facilitate zygote formation.
 - b. Zygote is collected from a female donour and transferred to the fallopian tube
 - c. Zygote is collected from a female donour and transferred to the uterus
 - d. Ova collected from a female donour and transferrerd to the uterus
- 12. The correct surgical procedure as a contraceptive method is:
 - a. Ovarieetomy
 - b. Hysterectomy
 - c. Vasectomy
 - d. Castration
- 13. Diaphragms are contraceptive devices used by the females. Choose the correct option from the statements given below:
 - i. They are introduced into the uterus
 - ii. They are placed to cover the cervical region
 - iii. They act as physical barriers for sperm entry
 - iv. They act as spermicidal agents
 - (a) i and ii, (b) i and iii, (c) ii and iii, (d) iii & iv

VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

- 1. Reproductive health refers only to healthy reproductive functions. Comment.
- 2. Comment on the Reproductive and Child Health Care programme of the government to improve the reproductive health of the people.
- 3. The present population growth rate in India is alarming. Suggest ways to check it.
- 4. STDs can be considered as self-invited diseases. Comment.
- 5. Suggest the reproduction-related aspects in which counselling should be provided at the school level.
- 6. Mention the primary aim of the "Assisted Reproductive Technology" (ART) programme.
- 7. What is the significance of progesterone-estrogen combination as a contraceptive measure?

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8. Strict conditions are to be followed in medical termination of pregnancy (MTP) procedures. Mention two reasons.

- 9. Males in whom testes fail to descend to the scrotum are generally infertile. Why?
- 10. Mention two advantages of lactational amenorrhea as a contraceptive method.

SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

- 1. Suggest some important steps that you would recommend to be taken to improve the reproductive health standards in India.
- 2. The procedure of GIFT involves the transfer of female gamete to the fallopian tube. Can gametes be transferred to the uterus to achieve the same result? Explain.
- 3. Copper ions-releasing IUDs are more efficient than non-medicated methods. Why?
- 4. What are the probable factors that contributed to population explosion in India?
- 5. Briefly explain IVFand ET What are the conditions in which these methods are advised?
- 6. What are the advantages of natural methods of contraception over artificial methods?
- 7. What are the conditions in which medical termination of pregnancy is advised?
- 8. Comment on the essential features required for an ideal contraceptive.
- 9. All reproductive tract infections RTIs are STDs, but all STDs are not RTIs. Justify with example.

LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

- 1. What are the Assisted Reproductive Techniques practised to help infertile couples? Describe any three techniques.
- 2. Discuss the mode of action and advantages/disadvantages of hormonal contraceptives.
- 3. STDs are a threat to reproductive health. Describe any two such diseases and suggest preventive measures.

- 4. Do you justify the statutory ban on aminocentesis in our country? Give reasons.
- 5. Enumerate and describe any five reasons for introducing sex education to school-going children.